

## **2020 CERTIFICATION**

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)							
South WinoNa Water Association, Inc.							
Public Water S	Public Water System Name						
097008	049008						
List PWS ID #s for all Community W		vales and distribute a Consumor					
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR.							
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Ch	eck all boxes that apply.)						
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, wat	er bill or other)	DATE ISSUED					
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)							
□ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)							
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)							
□ Other							
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD (Attach copy of publication, water by	ill or other)	DATE ISSUED					
X Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail		6/4/2/					
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):							
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment							
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message							
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)							
□ Posted in public places (attach list of locations)							
□ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL):							
CERTIFI							
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the customer above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data.	. I further certify that the informati ta provided to the PWS officials b	on included in this CCR is true					
Mary Lenn Brown	Secretary	6/4/11					
Name T	Title	6/4/21 Date					
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (	Select one method ONLY)						
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH.							
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.	gov					
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)					
P.O. BOX 1700	1 uni (001) 010-1000	1. 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					

### 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report South Winona Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0490008 April 2021

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Mary Lynn Brown at 662.283.3080. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend the regular meetings held on the first Monday of each month at 5:30 PM at the home of Terry Dees, Vice President.

Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian Upper Wilcox Aquifer. The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The well for the South Winona Water Association has received lower to moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2020, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

				TEST R	ESULT	rs .		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorgani	c Contai	ninants						
8. Arsenic	N	2020	.6	.506	ррв	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes

10. Barium	N	2020	.009	.0078009	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13, Chromium	N	2020	3.8	5-3.8	рръ	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2018/20	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16 Fluoride	N	2020	14	13614	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2018/20	2	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
22. Thallium	N	2020	.5	No Range	ppb	0.5	52	Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass, and drug factories
Sodium	N	2019"	110000	No Range	ppb	0	0	Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners and Sewage Effluents.
Volatile O	resni	e Contai	minants	No Range	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfection	in By-	Product	ÍS					
81. HAA5	N	2020	16	No Range	ppb	0	6	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TT-tki [Yotal mhalomethanes]	[8]	2020	55.7	No Range	ppb	0		By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2020	1	1.9-1	mg/l	0	WURL =	4 Water additive used to control microbes

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2020

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levots.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1.800.426.4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1.800.426.4791.

The South Winona Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

# South Winona Water Association

6/2/2021

To the Members of South Winona Water Association, Inc.:

Please see the enclosed 2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report (CCR).

Please see the enclosed document concerning non compliance notice issued to South Winona Water Association due to water samples not received in April 2021.

Operator Jerry Nix retired as of April 15, 2021. The Board thanks Jerry for his dedication and service to South Winona Water Association. Our new operator is Warren Henning, he has served as assistant operator for many years working with Jerry Nix. Warren has worked with many other water systems and is well acquainted with the maintenance and daily operation of our water system. Any issues that may arise please call the South Winona Water Association office at 662-283-3080. The office will get in touch with the operator to handle any issues. If no answer, call 662-582-6103 or 662-392-0742. After hours call 662-392-0742.

### **COMING SOON**

Online bill payment will be available in the coming months. You will be able to pay your water bill with credit card, debit card, e-or pay online, or pay over the phone. You can also continue to pay your bill by mail or at The Bank of Winona. We also encourage bank draft which is no cost to you and prevents missing a payment date.

To pay online you will go to the South Winona Water website.

#### www.southwinonawater.com

The website should be up and going in a couple of weeks. There will be a note on your bill when this feature is available for use.

Accounts (water bills) are due by the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month.

They are considered LATE if paid after the 20<sup>th</sup>.

A 15% late fee is added to all accounts not paid in full by the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month.

Accounts (water bills and late fees) not paid in full by the 24<sup>th</sup> of each month will be considered PAST DUE. A \$25.00 past due fee is added to each PAST DUE account and the account is placed on that month's PAST DUE LIST on the 25<sup>th</sup> of the month. The past due list is printed and service to PAST DUE accounts is DISCONNECTED and the meters locked out on the 25<sup>th</sup>. Service will only be reconnected after

the PAST DUE amount is paid in full along with a \$25.00 reconnect fee Unauthorized removal of locks from meters is considered unlawful. Violators will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

If justifiable problems keep you from paying your bill by the 24<sup>th</sup>, contact South Winona Water Association by the 24<sup>th</sup> to avoid being cut off. NOTE: The past due fee will still apply.

The SWWA office must have valid phone numbers for all members, either land based or cell numbers. Members who do not have land based phones numbers please provide cell numbers to our office. We are required to have contact information for all customers. If you have not given your cell number or if you have changed your cell service or number in the last 12 months please call the secretary at 662-283-3080.

When paying your bill either by mail or at The Bank of Winona you must include your bill with payment to ensure proper credit to your account. Also be sure to pay the full amount including the 15% late fee if paid after the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month.

Board of Directors,

South Winona Water Association, Inc.